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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/764,852	01/26/2004	Michio Tanimoto	2004-2123.ORI	9801
23165 ROBERT J JAO	7590 03/28/2007		EXAMINER	
650 BRIMHAL	L STREET SOUTH		CHO, JENNIFER Y	
ST PAUL, MN	551161511		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1621	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MO	NTHS	03/28/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

-,		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/764,852	TANIMOTO ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Jennifer Y. Cho	1621		
Period for	The MAILING DATE of this communication app Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHO WHICH - Extens after S - If NO p - Failure Any rej	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, by received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timulated and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
2a) □ 1 3) □ 5	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 M.</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Dispositio	n of Claims		,		
5)□ (6)⊠ (7)□ (Claim(s) <u>2-4</u> is/are pending in the application. a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>2-4</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or				
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10)□ T , , F	he specification is objected to by the Examine he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the example of the correct he oath or declaration is objected to by the Example of the correct he oath or declaration is objected to by the Example of the correct he oath or declaration is objected to by the Example of the correct of the c	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority ur	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
2) Notice 3) Information	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date 10/06, 4/06, 8/04, 1/04.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate		

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Detailed Action

This office action is in response to Applicant's communication filed on 3/8/2007.

Claims 2-4 are pending in this application.

IDS

The information disclosure statements (IDS) filed on 1/26/2004, 8/9/2004, 4/11/2006, 10/15/2006 are acknowledged. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statements are being considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections – 35 USC 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because of a scope of enablement issue. Applicant has not provided a discussion of any "component A" to support the claimed language. Some description of "component A" is mentioned in the specification (page 4, paragraph 5; page 5, paragraph 3; page 9, paragraph 1), but the Applicant has not clearly defined the composition of "component A". Thus, the specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with

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the absence of these limitations. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not

included in this action can be found in a prior Office Action.

Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Applicant has not provided a discussion of "component A" to support the claimed language.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being confusing. Applicant has not clearly stated what "component A" means. Clarification is requested.

Claim Rejections – 35 USC 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawajiri et al. (US 5,719,318), in view of Brockwell et al. (US 6,492,548).

Kawajiri et al. teaches a process for production of acrylic acid by carrying out a catalytic gas phase oxidation reaction of acrolein with molecular oxygen to produce acrylic acid, in the presence of a composite-oxide catalyst, which includes molybdenum, vanadium, tungsten, copper, iron, antimony, tin, titanium and zirconium (column 2, lines 15-41), meeting the limitations for applicant's composite-oxide catalyst.

- Kawajiri et al. also teaches that the composite-oxide catalyst is packed into a fixed-bed multitubular reactor, in which the process includes the steps of dividing the inside of each reaction tube of the reactor in a tubular axial direction to form at least two reaction zones and then packing these reaction zones with the composite-oxide catalyst particles so that the amounts of the constituents decreases from the gas-inlet side of each reaction tube toward its gas-outlet side (column 2, lines 15-30).
- 7 Kawajiri et al. is deficient in that it does not teach the production of acrolein by oxidation of propylene with a composite-oxide catalyst that includes both molybdenum

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and bismuth using an acrylic acid absorbing column and an inert saturated hydrocarbon.

- Brockwell et al. teaches a process for production of acrylic acid from the oxidation of propylene using a fixed-bed, tubular-flow reactor to form acrolein (column 6, lines 29-31), in which the mixed gas contains a high-concentration of propylene (column 5, lines 26-27), oxygen (column 5, lines 28-29) and an unreactive inert saturated hydrocarbon gases, e.g. methane, ethane, propane (column 4, lines 35-43), but does not have to contain steam (column 5, line 40; column 3, lines 16-17), including a catalyst which includes molybdenum and bismuth (column 4, lines 64-66). The resulting acrolein gas is further oxidized to acrylic acid using a composite-oxide catalyst which includes molybdenum and vanadium (column 6, lines 35-40). The acrylic acid can further be recovered by absorption (column 7, lines 11-14).
- Therefore it would be prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, to use the two step process of Brockwell et al. in the oxidation of propylene to form acrylic acid, instead of the single step process of Kawajiri et al. to oxidize acrolein to form acrylic acid. The expected result would be the efficient oxidation of propylene to first acrolein and then to acrylic acid, as the final product, in high yield.
- Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennifer Y. Cho whose telephone number is (571) 272 6246. The examiner can normally be reached on 9 AM 6 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thurman Page can be reached on (571) 272 0602. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Jennifer Cho Patent Examiner Art Unit: 1621

Thurman Page,

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Technology Center 1600